Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended): A multi-component composite membrane comprising active layers and support layers, wherein a support layer is located between active layers, wherein the active layers have pores having a pore size and a pore distribution, and wherein the support layers layer have has pores having a different pore size and a different pore distribution.
- 2. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a component of a support layer is at least one polymer selected from the group consisting of high density polyethylene, low density polyethylene, linear low density polyethylene, polypropylene, high crystalline polypropylene, polyethylene-propylene copolymer, polyethylene-butylene copolymer, polyethylene-hexene copolymer, polyethylene-octene copolymer, polystyrene-butylene-styrene copolymer, polystyrene-ethylene-butylene-styrene copolymer, polystyrene, polyphenylene oxide, polysulfone, polycarbonate, polyester, polyamide, polyurethane, polyacrylate, polyvinylidene choloride, polyvinylidene fluoride, polysiloxane, polyolefin, ionomer, polymethylpentene, and hydrogenated oligocyclopentadiene (HOCP), and a derivative thereof.
- 3. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 2, wherein the high-crystalline polypropylene has one or more physical properties selected from the group consisting of a density of 0.905 g/cc or more, a melting point of 164 °C or higher, a crystallization temperature of 125 °C or higher, a crystallinity of 50% or greater, an isotacticity of 96% or greater, and an atactic fraction of 5% or less.

- 4. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a pore size of a support layer ranges from 0.001 to 10 μ m.
- 5. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a thickness of a support layer ranges from 1 to 50 μ m.
- 6. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a component of the active layers is one or more polymers selected from the group consisting of polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinylidene fluoride, polyvinylidene fluoride-hexafluoropropylene copolymer, polyethylene oxide, polypropylene oxide, polybutylene oxide, polyurethane, polyacrylonitrile, polyacrylate, polyacrylic acid, polyamide, polyacrylamide, polyvinylacetate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polytetraethylene glycol diacrylate, polysulfone, polyphenylene oxide, polycarbonate, polyester, polyvinylidene chloride, polysiloxane, and polyolefin ionomer, and a derivative thereof.
- 7. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 6, wherein a solvent for the component of the active layers is one or more solvents selected from the group consisting of 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone (NMP), acetone, ethanol, n-propanol, n-butanol, n-hexane, cyclohexanol, acetic acid, ethyl acetate, diethyl ether, dimethyl formamide (DMF), dimethylacetamide (DMAc), dioxane, tetrahydrofuran (THF), dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO), cyclohexane, benzene, toluene, xylene, and water, and a mixture thereof.
- 8. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a pore size of an active layer is equal to or less than 10 μ m.
- 9. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a thickness of an active layer ranges from 0.01 to 20 μ m.

- 10. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein air permeability of the composite membrane is equal to or less than 7,000 sec/100 cc.
- 11. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein a wet-out rate of the composite membrane is equal to or less than 30 seconds.
- 12. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the composite membrane comprises two or more active layers and one or more support layers, and the composite membrane has a structure of triple or multiple layers.
- 13. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim-1 2, wherein a-the support layer is blended or laminated with-the at least one polymer-component of claim-2.
- 14. (Original): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the composite membrane is used for water treatment, hemodialysis, enzyme purification, patches for drug delivery, gas separation, pervaporation, reverse osmosis, or electrolysis separation.
- 15. (Original): A separator for batteries comprising the multi-component composite membrane of claim 1.
- 16. (Original): A rechargeable lithium ion battery or a rechargeable lithium ion polymer battery comprising the multi-component composite membrane of claim 1 as a separator.
- 17. (Previously Presented): A preparation method of a multi-component composite membrane comprising steps of:
- a) preparing a precursor film by injection of a polymer, which is used, for a support layer into an extruder;

- b) annealing the precursor film at a temperature less than a melting point of the polymer;
- c) coating both surfaces of the precursor film with a polymer solution, which is used for an active layer;
- d) drying the coated precursor film;
- e) low temperature-stretching the dried precursor film at a temperature less than room temperature;
- f) high temperature-stretching the low temperature-stretched precursor film at a temperature less than the melting point of the polymer; and
- g) heat-setting the high temperature-stretched precursor film under tension at a temperature less than the melting point of the polymer.
- 18. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 17, wherein the polymer solution of step c) is coated on both sides of the precursor film by dip-coating.
- 19. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 17, wherein a concentration of the polymer solution of step c) is equal to or greater than 0.01 wt%.
- 20. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 17, wherein the drying of step d) is performed at a relative humidity ranging from 1 to 100%.
- 21. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 17, wherein the drying of step d) is performed under saturated vapor pressure.
- 22. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 17, wherein the drying of step d) is performed under a gas atmosphere selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, and air atmosphere.

- 23. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 17, wherein an active layer having a thickness in the range of 0.1 to 20 μ m is formed through the coating and drying of steps c) and d).
- 24. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 17, which further comprises the step of <u>irradiating applying</u> ion beams <u>to on either</u> or both surfaces of the annealed precursor film with reactive gas between the steps b) and c).
- 25. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 24, wherein the irradiating of ion beams ion beam irradiation is performed by activation of electrons and a gas selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, helium, oxygen, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, air, fluorine, neon, argon, krypton, N_2O , and a mixture thereof such that the gas has an energy ranging from 0.01 to 10^6 keV; and irradiation of the ion beams on irradiating the surface of the precursor film with the ion beams.
- 26. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 24, wherein the <u>ion beam irradiation</u> amount of the ion beams ranges from 10^5 to 10^{20} ions/cm².
- 27. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 24, wherein the <u>iron beam irradiation</u> is performed under a gas atmosphere selected from the group consisting of helium, hydrogen, nitrogen, ammonia, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, chlorofluoro methane, methane, and N_2O atmospheres, and a mixture thereof.
- 28. (Original): The preparation method according to claim 27, wherein the flow rate of the reactive gas ranges from 0.5 to 20 ml/minute.
- 29. (Canceled).

- 30. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 24, wherein the irradiating of ion beams ion beam irradiation is performed under a vacuum ranging from 10^{-1} to 10^{-6} torr.
- 31. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the pores of the support layer are formed by a stretching process after orienting a polymer crystalline region in a certain direction and the pores of the active layer are formed by a stretching process after forming a densely structured polymer film through phase-inversion.
- 32. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, A multi-component composite membrane comprising active layers and support layers, wherein a support layer is located between active layers, wherein an active layer has pores having a pore size equal to or less than $10 \, \mu m$.
- 33. (Previously Presented): A preparation method of a multi-component composite membrane comprising steps of:
- a) annealing a precursor film comprising a polymer at a temperature less than a melting point of the polymer;
- b) coating both surfaces of the precursor film with a polymer solution, which is used for an active layer;
- c) drying the coated precursor film;
- d) low temperature-stretching the dried precursor film at a temperature less than room temperature;
- e) high temperature-stretching the low temperature-stretched precursor film at a temperature less than the melting point of the polymer; and
- f) heat-setting the high temperature-stretched precursor film under tension at a temperature less than the melting point of the polymer.
- 34. (Previously Presented): The preparation method according to claim 33, wherein the polymer solution of step b) is coated on both sides of the precursor film by dip-coating.

- 35. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 33, which further comprises the step of <u>irradiating applying</u> ion beams <u>on-to_either</u> or both surfaces of the annealed precursor film with reactive gas between the steps a) and b).
- 36. (Currently Amended): The preparation method according to claim 35, wherein the <u>irradiating of ion beams ion beam irradiation</u> is performed by activation of electrons and a gas selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, helium, oxygen, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, air, fluorine, neon, argon, krypton, N₂O, and a mixture thereof such that the gas has an energy ranging from 0.01 to 10⁶ keV; and <u>irradiation of the ion beams on irradiating</u> the surface of the precursor film <u>with the ion beams</u>.
- 37. (Previously Presented): A multi-component composite membrane made by the preparation method claimed in claim 17.
- 38. (Previously Presented): A multi-component composite membrane made by the preparation method claimed in claim 24.
- 39. (Previously Presented): A multi-component composite membrane made by the preparation method claimed in claim 33.
- 40. (Previously Presented): A multi-component composite membrane made by the preparation method claimed in claim 35.
- 41. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 37, wherein the multi-component composite membrane comprises active layers and support layers, wherein a support layer is located between active layers, wherein the active layers have pores having a pore size and a pore distribution, and wherein the support layers layer have has pores having a different pore size and a different pore distribution.
- 42. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 41, wherein the pores of the support layer are formed by a stretching

process after orienting a polymer crystalline region in a certain direction and the pores of the active layer are formed by a stretching process after forming a densely structured polymer film through phase-inversion.

- 43. (Previously Presented): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 41, wherein the active layer has pores having a pore size equal to or less than 10 μ m.
- 44. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 39, wherein the multi-component composite membrane comprises active layers and support layers, wherein a support layer is located between active layers, wherein the active layers have pores having a pore size and a pore distribution, and wherein the support layers layer have has pores having a different pore size and a different pore distribution.
- 45. (Currently Amended): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 44, wherein the pores of the support layer are formed by a stretching process after orienting a polymer crystalline region in a certain direction and the pores of the active layer are formed by a stretching process after forming a densely structured polymer film through phase-inversion.
- 46. (Previously Presented): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 44, wherein the active layer has pores having a pore size equal to or less than $10 \mu m$.
- 47. (New): The multi-component composite membrane according to claim 1, wherein the pores of the support layer are formed by a stretching process and the pores of the active layer are formed by a stretching process after being formed by a phase-inversion.